

## METHOD AND DEVICE FOR FORMING A FOAM-HEAD ON A BEVERAGE

The present invention relates to the preparation of a beverage which is suitable for human consumption in a glass, cup or the 5 like, in which there is a head on the beverage.

It is known from US 2,977,231 to prepare a beverage with the aid of an aerosol can which is filled with a syrup solution. In this case, the syrup solution is sprayed as a high-velocity jet into 10 a glass filled with a base liquid, for example water or milk. As a result, the base liquid acquires the colour and flavour of the syrup. In this method, some bubbles are formed, so that a thin layer of foam is formed on the surface of the base liquid.

15 The known method is not suitable for forming a beverage with a real head.

Another drawback of the known method is the use of an aerosol can. Aerosol cans are expensive and are not environmentally 20 friendly.

Another drawback of the known method is that the aerosol can cannot readily be given to children to allow them to prepare their own beverage, since there is a high risk of them making a 25 mess.

It is an object of the invention to propose alternatives which allow a beverage with a head to be prepared.

30 In particular, it is an object of the invention to propose alternatives which allow children to prepare a (non-alcoholic) beverage with a head themselves.

35 It is a further object of the invention to provide foam-dispensing devices which make it easy for the user, in particular a child, to produce a beverage with a head.

A first aspect of the invention relates to a method for preparing a beverage which is suitable for human consumption, comprising the steps of:

- filling a glass or the like with a base liquid which is 5 suitable for human consumption, and
- using a foam-dispensing device to form a foam, which foam-dispensing device has at least one reservoir containing a stock of foam liquid which is suitable for human consumption and a pump assembly having an air pump and a liquid pump, as well as 10 foam-forming means for forming foam using the pumped air and foam liquid, and
- supplying the foam dispensed from a dispensing opening of the foam-dispensing device to the glass which has been filled with base liquid, so that the foam forms a head on top of the 15 base liquid.

It should be noted that in the present context the term foam liquid means that this liquid is formed into a foam with air. In practice, the foam liquid will contain one or more ingredients 20 which promote the formation of a foam.

Unlike in the prior art, the method according to claim 1 does not use an aerosol can, but rather uses a foam-dispensing device with an air pump, liquid pump and foam-forming means. 25 Foam-dispensing devices of this type are already marketed, for example by the Applicants, in a design which is easy to handle and can be actuated using a push-button.

The pump assembly of the foam-dispensing devices can preferably 30 be releasably coupled to the reservoir, so that the reservoir can be refilled or an empty reservoir can be replaced.

In particular, foam-dispensing devices of this type are easy for 35 children to actuate.

The flow of foam coming out of the foam-dispensing device is at a relatively low velocity, certainly compared to the jet which emerges from an aerosol can, which safely allows children to

prepare their own beverages. Furthermore, only one portion of foam is dispensed each time the pump assembly is actuated, making metering easier than with an aerosol can, certainly for children.

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In an advantageous embodiment of the method, the dispensing opening is held below the level of the base liquid, so that the foam rises in the base liquid and forms the head on top of the latter.

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The foam liquid preferably contains colourings and/or flavourings. If the dispensing of foam in this case takes place below the level of the base liquid, the base liquid will (partially) acquire the colour and/or flavour of the foam rising 15 in the base liquid. Surprisingly, it has been found that the rising foam leads to excellent mixing of colourings and flavourings with the base liquid, so that there is no need to stir the base liquid - which could have an adverse effect on the head.

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The foam liquid preferably contains an excess of colourings and/or flavourings compared to the quantity which is required to impart colour and/or flavour to the foam which is formed. The excess of these/this substance(s) promotes the formation of 25 colour and/or flavour in the base liquid.

In an advantageous embodiment, the foam liquid contains a syrup, for example a fruit syrup. A syrup of this type can easily be used to prepare a beverage with a head which is suitable for 30 children.

The invention also relates to the use of a, preferably hand-held, foam-dispensing device comprising a reservoir for a liquid and a pump assembly having an air pump and a liquid pump, 35 as well as foam-forming means for forming foam using the pumped air and liquid, for the purpose of preparing a beverage which is suitable for human consumption in a glass or the like, the beverage having a head.

The invention also relates to foam-dispensing devices which are particularly suitable for carrying out the method according to the invention.

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The invention will be explained in more detail below with reference to the drawing, in which:

10 Figure 1 shows the preparation of a (children's) beverage in accordance with a first embodiment of the invention,

Figure 2 shows the preparation of a (children's) beverage in accordance with a second embodiment of the invention,

15 Figure 3 shows the preparation of a (children's) beverage in accordance with a third embodiment of the invention,

Figures 4a-d show the preparation of a (children's) beverage in accordance with a fourth embodiment of the invention, and

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Figure 5 shows the preparation of a (children's) beverage in accordance with a fifth embodiment of the invention.

Figure 1 shows a glass 1 which has been filled with a base liquid 2, in this example water. A user, for example a child, can use a foam-dispensing device 3, which is to be explained in more detail below, to convert the water 2 into lemonade and also to form a head on top of the lemonade.

30 The foam-dispensing device 3 is of the hand-held type and has a reservoir 4 which holds a stock of foam liquid which is suitable for human consumption. In this example, the foam liquid contains colourings and/or flavourings in amounts such that a proportion of these colourings and/or flavourings can change the colour 35 and/or flavour of the base liquid. By way of example, the foam liquid contains (fruit) syrup.

The device 3 has a pump assembly 5 with an air pump and a liquid pump, as well as foam-forming means for forming a foam using the pumped air and foam liquid. A pump assembly 5 of this type is generally known and can in an advantageous embodiment be secured 5 as an integral unit to a neck of the reservoir 4, for example releasably. In the latter embodiment, the reservoir 4 can be topped up or exchanged.

10 The device 3 has a push-button 6 which can be moved up and down and simultaneously actuates the air pump and the liquid pump. In the process, the air pump sucks in ambient air and the liquid pump extracts foam liquid from the reservoir 4. A foam-dispensing passage with an outlet opening 7 is located in the push-button 6.

15 In this case, a flexible dispensing line 8 is connected, preferably releasably, to the outlet opening 7.

20 To convert the water 2 in the glass 1 into lemonade and at the same time to form a head, the user introduces the dispensing line 8 into the water 2 and actuates the push-button 6. In this way, foam is formed and enters the glass 1 below the level of the water 2. The foam rises upwards and in doing so changes the colour and/or flavour of the water 2, so that the water 2 25 becomes lemonade. Furthermore, the foam forms a head on the water, the head being of the same colour and flavour as the lemonade. In order in practice to enable the dispensing opening of the dispensing line 8 to project into the base liquid, it is preferable for the length of the, preferably flexible, 30 dispensing line 8 to be at least 5 centimetres.

The embodiment shown in Figure 2 largely corresponds to that shown in Figure 1, and therefore corresponding parts are denoted by the same reference numerals.

35 What is different is the design of the dispensing line, which in Figure 2 is designed as a drinking straw 10, so that after the beverage has been prepared the dispensing line 10 can be

detached and can be used as a drinking straw 10. The straw 10 comprises two rigid line parts 10a, 10b which are connected by a flexible part 10c.

5 As a result, the user can remove the straw 10 after the beverage has been prepared and can use it to consume the beverage. By way of example, there is provision for the dispensing device 3 (or the associated reservoir) and a plurality of drinking straws 10 to be supplied to the consumer in a pack.

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Figure 3 once again shows the foam-dispensing device 3, now provided with a flexible dispensing line 11 which can be wound around the reservoir 4 in one or more loops, for example helically.

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Figures 4a-d once again show the foam-dispensing device 3, and in this case a dispensing line 12 with a concertina construction is provided, so that the dispensing line 12 is flexible and the length of the dispensing line 12 can be varied. The line 12 has 20 a dispensing nozzle 13 which can be coupled to the push-button in the retracted state of the line 12.

As shown in Figures 4c and 4d, this device 3 with a concertina line 12 can be used to dispense the foam into the base liquid 25 (Figure 4c) or to dispense the foam onto the top of the base liquid (Figure 4d).

To promote the dispersion of the foam, it is possible for the dispensing nozzle to include a plurality of dispensing openings.

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Figure 5 shows a foam-dispensing device 20 with a reservoir 21 in carton form for foam liquid, for example having a wall comprising cardboard, as is known for beverages, and having a pump assembly 22. A dispensing mouth 24 which is integral with 35 the push-button 23 of the pump assembly 22 for dispensing the foam is directed downwards on one side of the reservoir 21, in such a manner that the glass 1 can be placed next to the reservoir 21 and the foam can flow into the glass from above.

In an embodiment which is not shown, the foam-dispensing device has a reservoir of variable volume which decreases when foam liquid is extracted from the reservoir. By way of example, the 5 reservoir is a pouch or a reservoir with a moveable plunger.

The foam liquid may take a wide variety of forms, provided that it is suitable for human consumption. By way of example, the foam liquid contains a surfactant and/or a foam-stabilizing 10 ingredient.

In another embodiment which is not shown, the foam-dispensing device is designed with a plurality of reservoirs which hold different foam liquids which can be dispensed separately or 15 simultaneously, depending on the design of the device.